

	Amount released	(Rs. in lakhs)
2. Pradhan Mantri Rozgar Yojana	173.83	31.19 (till 12.11.2001)

(b) The details of sectoral allocation under Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yojana are, as under:

Sector	Amount allocated	(Rs. in lakhs)
	2000-2001	2001-2002
Primary Education	2031.00	1663.13
Primary Health	1860.00	1344.42
Rural Water Supply	2414.00	3105.07
Rural Housing	1828.00	1110.30
Nutrition	1780.00	1979.00
Rural Electrification	—	1901.08
TOTAL	9913.00	11103.00

(c) Under the Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY), Rs. 130 crores, each was released to State Government of Maharashtra during the years 2000-01 and 2001-02.

Increase in per capita income

†1333. SHRI KAPIL SIBAL :

SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH 'LALAN':

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that per capita income in the country has increased;

(b) if so, the details of per capita income in the beginning of the nineties and at the end of 2000 ; and

(c) the per capita income of the country in comparison to the average per capita income of developed countries of the world?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The per capita income measured in terms of Net National Product (NNP) at factor cost (At constant 1993-94 price) rose from Rs. 7321 in 1990-91 to Rs.10651 in 2000-01, as per the latest available figures published by the Central Statistical Organisation.

(c) According to the World Development Report, 2002 published by the World Bank, the per capita income of India measured in terms of Gross National Income (GNI) was US\$460 in 2000 as compared to US\$27510 for the high income countries.

Employment-Oriented Projects

1334. SHRI DINA NATH MISHRA : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the employment oriented projects undertaken by the Central Government.

(b) whether any employment has been generated by these projects during the last 3 years.

(c) the number of jobs created by KVICs during the last two years;

(d) the stage of implementation of Pradhan Mantri Rozgar Yojana ; and

(e) government's assessment about the size of unemployed people, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) The employment-oriented programmes undertaken by the Central Government are poverty alleviation programmes, like Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY), Sampurna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY), Jawahar Gram Samridhi Yojana (JGSY), Employment Assurance Scheme (EAS) and Food for Work Programme in the rural areas and Swarnajayanti Shahri Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY) in the urban area, SJSRY has both wage employment and self-employment components. The other employment-oriented schemes include Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana (PMRY) for the educated unemployed youth and employment programmes of Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC).

(b) Employment targets are set annually under the respective programmes and performance is monitored.

(c) Under the Rural Employment Generation Programme (REGP) of KVIC, 2 lakh and 3.5 lakh new jobs were created in 1999-2000 and 2000-2001 respectively.

(d) Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana (PMRY) is a continuing scheme and would also be implemented in the 10th Five Year Plan period. In 1999-2000, 2.2 lakh jobs were targeted under PMRY, 4.9 lakh applications were received out of which 2.5 lakh cases sanctioned and 1.4 lakh got the loan amounting Rs.857 crore.